

Enver Hoxha

"për një Shqipëri më të mirë"

"për bashkimin e vërtetë të kombit"

"për mbarëvajtjen e atdheut"



Workers of all countries, unite !



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- **Stalin is imortal!**

J. V. Stalin was born on December 18, 1878 and died on March 5, 1953. He was the leader of the Soviet Union from mid-1920s to his death in 1953 and General Secretary of the Central Committee of the Communist Party of the Soviet Union from 1922 after the death of V.I.Lenin till 1953. Stalin replaced the New Economic Policy (NEP) of the 1920s with Five-Year Plans in 1928 and collective farming at roughly the same time. The Soviet Union was transformed from a predominantly peasant society to a major world industrial power on 1936. A hard-won victory in World War II (the Great Patriotic War, 1941–45) was made possible in part through the capacity for production that was the outcome of industrialization. In the post-war years, Stalin laid the groundwork for the formation of the Warsaw Pact and established the USSR as one of the two major world powers. The Red Army of the Soviet Union under direction of Stalin, during the Second World War, had the main role to the defeat of the Hitlerian aggressors, which were done a serious threat of the world. After the Second World War economic progress was very speed and Soviet Union continued to be one from two big Powers of the world. During the Lenin-Stalin time this country was the supporter, the sun and hopeful of the world peoples which were fighting for freedom, independence, social-economic progress. The Albanian have had continuously unsparing aid of Communist Party of the Soviet Union leded from comrade Stalin Comrade Enver Hoxha has documented to the book "With Stalin" this brilliant history in relationship between two Parties and countries. Nikita Khrushchev, accused Stalin after his death for "many wrongs" to justifying of the treachery to Marxism-Leninism. That new way defeated CP of SU and led the modern economy of this multinational country to continuous decrease till full collapse in 1991. Bourgeoisie and revisionists continuously are disinforming about Stalin and Enver because of their contribute with teori and practice in bilding of the socialism, but the world revolutionary forces couldn't be deluded. They will be transform this world to another only to had like compas the teaching of Marks, Engels, Lenin and Stalin.

Seminar in Paris on April 15, 2006

On April 15, MLKP (Turkei-North Kurdistan) organized in Paris the Seminary **“The contribute of Enver Hoxha in building of socialist Albania and the battle aggainst modern revisionism”**. For this purpose was invited as lector Dr.Laver Stroka member of CC of PLA and publisher of buletin “16 Tetori”. In seminar took part apart members and simpatisers of this Party and other from the Parties and comunist associations. (Full text of lection is here)

- **Photograph Exhibition in Paris: “40 years the socialist Albania”**

On 15 April MLKP (Turkei-North Kurdistan) in cooperation with Dr. Laver Stroka open in Paris the Photograph Exhibition: “40 years the socialist Albania”. It was seen with much interest from the participants in seminar. They appreciated with high considerations the progress of this country in leadership of comerade Enver Hoxha.

- **Meetings in France and Germany**

During the dayes of staying in France and Germany the representative of PLA met many comerades of MLKP (Turkei-North Kurdistan). In this discussions was exchanged thoughts about today developments in respective countries and in the world. A interview he gave to newspaper of this Party. In the seminary organised with younger he treated developments in Albania from beginning of 20 century till today. That expose was folowed with much interes from them. The metings had also in other cities. The discussions and questions were with common information interes for our struggle for the triumph of the socialism to our countries. He saluted the comrades of MLKP(Turkey-North Kurdistan) for their contribute to revolution question not only to their country but to the world communist mouvement.

- **Meeting with a representative of German Red October Party.**

During the dayes in Germany the representative of PLA met a comerade, representative of a representative of German Red October Party. Discussions were done about situation to which Party today and before the 1990s. Composition of the Party, activity, perspective and Kosovo question had enough time in disposition. That was the first contact between representatives of our parties and a need to intensify our relations in future in comon interest to the revolution question and socialism.

- **The contribute of Enver Hoxha in building of socialist Albania and the battle aggainst modern revisionism(full text).**

1- The foundation of CPA and the organizing of antifascist popular front

Foundation of CPA in 8 November 1941 started the beginning of a new era, one of the most glorious in Albanian people history. This new and small force through convincing peoples and through actions against the enemy day by day increased the number of its followers and members and increased spreading its influence in country and towns.

In a very short time under the pressure of invasion from the fascists it activated people in the battle against them, increasing hope for a future victory.

The party made clear to the mass of people its program and its future aims. It prearranged the people for the battle against the invaders and their collaborators and at the same time through this political actions it reached the aim to increase the number of its followers. The comrade Enver wrote for this process as following;

“ To wait until our Party to grow in number and power, to wait until its spreading all over the country, to work only within the Party and then to make known to the people our program for the battle, this should have been catastrophic not only for our Party but also for the destiny of our motherland. (E. Hoxha “When projected the foundation of the new Albania” p. 10, Tirana 1984)

Party's work among the people was done not only in towns, but also in villages. The foundation of antifascist movement was done not only according to a national tradition but also based on the idea of the communist international movement which has been discussed not only from the communists, but also from all the people with up to date ideas of the period, who were feeling the danger of the nazi-fascist threat. This popular front since at its foundation was named National Liberty Front. This process was objected by the trockist supporters who justify for their action using the fact, absence of political pluralism

The most important thing was not only to organize antifascist popular movement, but also to aware people for the future steps.

“Revolutions should have a clear structure which should show the people the limits that should be reached, the reasons why should the state of country should be changed in another. This overlapping, this essential change cannot be realized without an army struggle of the revolution.”

(E. Hoxha ““When projected the foundation of the new Albania” p. 20, Tirana 1984)

To make people aware means to enter first were the influence is greater and to spread this process day by day as a chain. It is certain that this process cannot be simple, especially when you have to do with an enemy that possesses political and economic power and powerful tools of propaganda , through which, he misinform and frighten the mass of revolting people that are exploited by them. However the power cannot be without end, through the violation and cheating when he take your freedom by force, when the distinguishes between the employer and employee , between the town and the country are no only present, but they are growing up day by day. A reality like this allow all the concret forms of work with people giving to them the momental solutions for their solitudes.To enter in a natyral collaboration, the communists used all the opportunities, their personal relationships, familiar events , religious ceremonies, national celebrations, and occasional meetings. People were touched in their weak points.

Contrary to the bourgeoisie propaganda the communist propaganda was completely different. The communists make known to the mass of people the real situation and showed the real beginners of that situation and at the same time make known the ways to escape from that, reminding the sacrifices that should be needed. The working class together with the people of villages made the essential element of revolutionar joining of the people.

The problem was the presence of three religious groups in Albania: the moslems (the most wide spread religion), Christian orthodox religion and Christian catholic religion(spread in the west north of Albania). The last one was more conservative than others and had collaborated with invaders and has been an alley of old regimes The believers of the first and the second religion were more patriotic and their leaders have taken

part in the battles against the invaders. The intelligence was at a low level because the 80% of the population was illiterate, but they were patriotic and ready to fight against the invaders. The aim to fight the invaders and to be in power of CPA, needs joining all the factors in Antifascist Popular Front

“This derive from the idea that communists cannot fight and win without the help of people. The revolution is made by peoples.” (E. Hoxha “When projected the foundation of the new Albania” p. .24, Tirana 1984)

2-The taking of power and the beginning of the reforms in all the fields

During the war for liberty CP organized the antifascist popular front and the partisan army and at the same time build up the antifascist national liberty councils which played the role of local government. Congress of Permet hold in 24 May 1944 is the highest stage of this organization of popular power. It was an historic event especially for the decisions taken by it .

The Antifascist National Liberty Council was elected as the highest institution, legislative and executive as the representative of Albanian people (the first parliament of Albania)

- **Elected the Antifascist National Liberty Committee (the first popular democratic government).**
- **Blocked the returning of king Zog in Albania**
- **Didn't recognize any other government formed within or outside the borders of Albania.**
- **Broke down all the economic and political agreements made by previous governments which were in objection with interest of our people**
- **Formed the state commission to find the war criminals.**
- **Took the gauge of highest command of army and gave the rank to the military**

- Expressed gratitude for the Soviet Union and the red army led by Stalin
- Express loyalty towards the antifascist cartel warning that in the future no one can do any trade with Albanian territory
- As Hitlerians and their collaborators, even Anglo-Americans knowing the attitudes of Antifascist National Liberty Front made it impossible to detain, to attack and sabotage the congress of Permet, but they didn't realize it because of the revolutionary situation in the country and the perfect organizing of the congress with delegates from all regions of Albania

a-Protection and consolidation of the new popular power

In the second meeting held in Berat (20-23 October 1944) antifascist national liberty council (ANLC) decided to answer the requests of the people to change the antifascist national liberty committee in a democratic government of Albania. Its program was according to the decisions of congress of Permet. The meeting approved "**The Declaration of people's rights**", which in contrary to the constitutions of bourgeoisie was used totally changing the role and the authority of humble men. Such a government in service of people was protecting not only military army but also the large mass of people. Deserving for this action was the glorious leader of Albanian people Enver Hoxha.

The slogan of the party after the liberty of the country was "**To build the socialism holding in one hand the mattock and on the other the rifle**". This was a necessity under geopolitic conditions where Albania had advanced preparation of necessary staff, armament and physical preparation of people, fortification of the territory to make it safe from enemies, modernization of marine and territorial forces to make the Albania untouchable for the enemies. This is a prove that show, how a small country can build successfully socialism when a Marxist Leninist party and its leader comrade Enver Hoxha lead the people

b-The first reforms of socialist character

The new popular government will have not long life without changing the economy and society. At the beginning the changes were of anti imperialist character and anti-feudal but this didn't exclude reforms with socialist character. The most important of them was the nationalization of fundamental tools of production.

- **In December 1944 the nationalization of the mines and the wealth of people who escaped from the country for political reasons was realized. After a month even the wealth of German and Italian citizens was nationalized.**
- **In April 1945 even the cars of transport were nationalized rewarding the owners with a certain amount of money.**
- **In July 1945 the cooperatives were formed in towns and villages .**

The reform that put private capital on the service of people had several important effects as:

- **Evanescence of the economic subordination from foreign capital.**
- **Were formed the social economic sectors and were avoided price speculations .**
- **Income of the cost production was not put anymore in the pockets of some people, but was used to improve wellbeing of people (for education, health services, agriculture, protection, etc)**
- **The new proletarian moral day by day were doing the moral of the new society, replacing enmity towards each other with love and humanism (one for all and all for one), enemy towards bourgeoisie power with devotion for protection and make strong the new popular government.**

c-Reforms in agriculture.

The biggest problem which needed to be solved was the old relationship in agriculture. The first reforms in this sector began at the first half of 1945 with nationalization of watering supply and remission of the rents for the old debts unpaid from the villagers

The slogan of the Party "**THE LAND BELONG TO WHOM IS WORKING IT**" became reality in the August of 1946. According to this law the owner of the land was allowed to have 7-40 ha land if he has possibilities to use it. Expropriation was made without recompensation for huge surfaces. Each family were given up to 5 ha free. The other part of the land was considered as state property and was used to form the state agricultural enterprises.

As a society property were turned even the forests, waters and all the richness of the mines

To put in practice the reforms were formed committees of the poor villagers who were really interested to finish within the deadline of it. The convincing work with the villagers failed the pressure of feudals over the people without land. Reform has a great importance because it give everyone equal chances and opportunity to produce . It disappeared the antagonist contradictions between the villagers and the big owners of the land and formed the ally between the villagers and the workers

d-Deepness of social economic and cultural changes

Within 3 years (1945-47) 95 % of general industrial productivity belongs to the state sectors. Nationalization of the tools of production gave an end to the economic reign bourgeoisie and projected the economic foundation of proletariat dictatorship.

Reforms were catered giving priority social sectors. Were organized state sector of accumulating the products and supplying the population and was made the monetary reform of changing the banknotes , disappearing the inflation consequences . For a proper distribution of nutrial products was put the portion system (september1946). In that year was approved the law on general economic plan. This was made able by the expansion of social economic sector. The land cannot be sold and each owner should not possess more than 5 ha.

The religion supported the feudals and was propagandating the land as holy and unchangeable and **“who was against that was condemned by God”**. As supporters of conservative forces were the anglo-american missionaries. Terrorist acts against the members of Party were present. However the reform ended in the whole country in December 1946. More than 70 thousand poor families were given land. The production in the destroying territory from the war reached the level of 1938

Agrarian reform was the first revolution in social economic relationship of the village in Albania

The new conditions in the towns and villages gave a fast impact to the cultural revolution which rased up the moral of people. Reforms in educative field in 1946 was a step forward. According to it the school was declared free for all the people and the lesson was in national language. Each village has its elementary school. Through these actions that were begun during National Liberation War were eliminated illiteracy since 1956 for ages more than 8 . This quick result in an undeveloped country, when even after 50 years is still a world problem show that:

- **The communist power is looking its future at the educated and reasonable people.**
- **Bourgeoisie power is looking its future at the illiterate people in order to manipulate them as easily as possible**

Lenin stresses that without living near the workers and villagers and without knowing the world history you cannot be a devoted communist .

Within few years vocational schools and courses and the State University (**1957**) were open. Investments in the educational and cultural field made able the training of necessary staff to work and to lead all the economic sectors. In this way the conditions of entering the up to date techniques and increasing the efficiency were created. In April **1972** was founded the Science Academy which gave a big progress to the scientific studies and experiments, opening the way to the building of gigantic industrial masterpieces and high efficiency in agriculture and livestock

During the period of socialist building, institutions and art masterpiece were bilt. Some of them in Tirana during this period are:

1963- Culture Palace where are the Dance and Opera Theatre and the National Library.

1968- Monument of Scanderbeg masterpiece of the Odhise Paskaliti in collaboration with Andrea Manoni and Janina Pacon. It was inaugurated on the occasion of 500 death anniversary of national hero

1971- Monument "Mother Albania", 12 m tall, was inaugurated in the cemeteries "Martyrs of Nation".

1976- Gallery of Figurative Arts which includes around 3200 masterpieces of Albanian and foreign authors.

1981- National Historic Museum and the fresco in front of it is titled "Albania Today".

1986- Congress Palace designed by Albanian architects

1988- International Center of Culture, ex-museum Enver Hoxha was designated by a group of architects under the supervision of Pranvera Hoxha and Klement Kolaneci.

Institutions and masterpieces like those were built even in the other towns and villages of Albania. They served to the education and amusement of the population and for the professional education of the youth. Communist education and the arrangements of social cultural events for the population made inexistent the plague like drugs, prostitution, traffics criminal activities. It's very bad that all this investment of communist period in the culture field is downgraded and has lost 90% of its capacities. The famous writer Xhevdet Spahiu worried said during an interview for a Public Tv:

"The brain has gone, only the skull and the wood has remained. The institution of movie making was destroyed and sold in pieces. So did the National Theatre, Pioneers Palace, Palace of Culture, Palace of Congresses etc. They are rushing to the building of Artist like wild wolves to take it. This situation is like 1997. I think that the term corruption is invaluable remind. An old song dedicated to Abdyl Frasheri which said: "Don't cut it in pieces like an abandon one". Now it can be: "Don't sell it in pieces as an abandoned one".

e) Industry, agriculture and the university education in 5- years plans

Agriculture in Albania was undeveloped even 5 years after the proclamation of agrarian reform. This level cannot full the needs of industry and population which were growing day by day. For this purpose the Party put as a duty:

- ***Expansion of cooperatives sectors in the whole country***
- ***Increasing the power of the existing cooperatives through investments.***

In this way the wellbeing of the villages and of towns will be increase, the differences between the industry and agriculture would be diminished and the voluntary way of creating new cooperative economies would be increased.

The policies of balancing the prices of industrial and agricultural products, reducing of commitment in 25 % and excluding from the taxes for the land less than 5 ha stimulated the villagers to increase their productivity.

After these steps, there were other tasks that should be fulfilled

- ***The development of industry(especially that of mines , energy etc),***
- ***The quick development of agriculture through socialist arrangements***
- ***Improvement wellbeing of population***
- ***Improvement of cultural level of population.***

Only within 5 years the industrial production was increased 395 times and the agricultural 110 times compared with that of 1938. In 1955 the industrial production was increased 179 times compared with that of 1950 while in 1960 even 118 times compared with that of 1955. In 1965 the agricultural production was increased 36 % more than in1960.

A unusual development was in the industry of minerals, electric industry, building industry, petrol industry, public transportation etc. Only the auto transportation in 1960 did in 2 days the volume of work for the

whole year done in 1938 .Social sector provided in this year over 90 % of general production

Thousand hectares of marsh lands were turned in agricultural regions. This resulted in disappearing the diseases of time such as malaria which brings a lot of problems for the Albanian families. The health service was free since 1964 intensifying its spread in each village and town. At the middle of 1970 Albania was at the top 10 of the countries which has a doctor for 1000 inhabitants. The population was increased 32 persons in one thousand per year being so in the first countries in the world which has the large number of births. The population passed from 1200 000 inhabitants in 1945 to 1625000 inhabitants in 1960

Within 5 years the number of kindergarten was doubled(from 353 in 1955) to 570 (in 1960). In1965 the number of pupils and of students reached 425 thousand and that of middle and high qualified staff in 31.7 thousand .

Investments in 15 years of the communist power will be realized by the regime of king Zog in 530 years if we will develop with the same rate of 1938

The reforms done in economy shown the power of socialist system and its advantage towards capitalist system in increasing the productivity and the wellbeing. This fact was concretized with the increasing of life average with a quick progress from 38 year in 1938 to72 years in '70.

A quick increasing of the population was accompanied with the growth of the number of towns and of the village. The number of the apartments which were built within 10 years was the same as the number of the apartments that existed in 5 big cities in 1938 . More than 47 000 houses were build in villages. A remarkable feature of the communist period was the eliminating of taxes, the free education and health service. The prices of housing and electricity were continuously decreasing. The salary and the retirement payment was progressively increasing. The highest salary could not be more then 2 times of the lowest salary.

At the end of the fifth 5- year plan, the following progress was present in the different sectors of the economy.

- ***Industrial productivity 52 %.***
- ***Agricultural productivity 33 %.***
- ***Real incomes per person 14.5 %.***
- ***Finished the universities 12.5 thousand persons.***
- ***Finished the high schools 72 thousand persons***

The following tasks were introduced for the next 5 following years in the VII congress of PLA:

”Continue with a fast pace of building the socialism and turning socialist Albanian in a very developed agricultural and industrial country based in its forces.”

In the next 5 years the social fund was increased 20 % benefiting each family over 4 thousand Lek per year (80 \$). This was reached in a period when the Chinese government was using pressure with its specialists and continuing to sabotage the construction of the buildings that has started as the result of an bilateral agreement. In such a circumstances the enemy elements in the country developed organizing conspiracy in army and sabotages in the important sectors of economy, etc.

The ability of comrade Enver Hoxha to activate the communists, working class, villagers, youth and other civil organizations made able to destroy such groups in different fields such as economy, army etc. During the discussions in their enterprises, divisions, institutions and etc., people denounced the sabotage actions made by some elements and condemned them. According to their information, it was concluded that some of them were in this roud by mistake and some of them had clear anti-socialist and anti national attitude. The law was harsh with the last ones.

The country was saved from three enemy groups. However this clearing could not give “immunity” to the power and the party, because enemy was changing the forms and the tools for realizing of his objects. Some years later, some more dangerous enemies such as Mehmet Shehu, Kadri Hazbiu, and their collaborators were discovered. Because of the high ranks that they possess in the hierarchy of the state, the Party could not avoid the very harsh especially in the economic field. The time showed that the reforms in agriculture and live stock argued from the poly- agent Mehmet Shehu ***“as a necessity of eliminating the capitalist behavior in villages and the organizations that will answer technical progress”***, was their plan to broke down the socialist system.

Comrade Enver Hoxha doubted about this reform and interfere in it in order to to stop its spreading among the whole country without testing before in some areas. Neglecting actions of the government lead by Mehmet Shehu(made by purpose) brought colossal damages. Thousand livestock were butchered in a short time causing a sudden decrease of livestock productivity, bringing problems to markets of towns and villages

Despite the work of enemy elements in the Party and the stopping of the aid from the Chinese government in 1978, the following results were

reached during 5 years(1980-1985) completely on the base of our own forces:

- ***Social productivity was increased round 19 %.***
- ***Financial incomes 17 %.***
- ***Industrial general production was increased 27 % more than in previous 5 years***
- ***Production of petrol, cobble, electrical energy was increased 38-48 %.***
- ***Essential investments were increased 17 %.***
- ***Was growth the watering ability for 28000 ha land.***

Socialist economy in 1987 has the following figures:

- ***GNP per capita 1300 \$***
- ***Imports 255 million \$.***
- ***Exports 378 million \$.***
- ***Electricity production 5 billion kwh..***
- ***Average life of people: male 72 year, female 79 year.***
- ***Working power 60 % in agriculture and 40 % in industry.***

A remarkable progress occurred also in other sectors as education, culture, housing, science, health service, etc. These results showed that Albania had the necessary capacity for quick progress completely on base of its own forces.

The fall of communist power in Albania in 1990 was not a consequence of loosing the energy in social economic field, but the result of degradation imitating the titoists using their failing system. Auto financing declared by Ramiz Alia and its band as a new method to stimulate the productivity and the independence of institutions it was a pattern of Yugoslav self administration and cannot bring any useful result but only the tragic end of socialism in Albania at the end of '80s.

Economic figures in 1990 didn't increase, but on the contrary they decreased:

- *GNP 4.0 billion \$.*
- *GNP per capita 750 \$*

The best part of institutions lost their productivity as a result of decreasing the exports and increasing the imports in high proportions for the raw materials. The head of state Ramiz Alia started to justify himself using the fact of continuing of droughts, but it was clear for the people that the economic fall was not connected with climacteric conditions but with political deviations that has cultivated the indifferentism, and the creation of a new strata of privileged men. They were the leaders of the counter-revolution in Albania, which were supported by criminals and the representative of the old classes that were silently waiting for the overthrow of the socialism. Certainly these men were few in number and didn't play an important role in the counter-revolution. A strong supporter of them was Ramiz Alia and his band and of course imperialist powers and the Vatican from the outside of borders.

Slogans “ To make Albania as the whole Europe”, “To turn Albania in the Swiss land of the Balkans” remained only in newspapers for their economic impact

- *GNP reduced in 2.199 billion \$(1995).*
- *GNP per capita) was reduced 670 \$(1995)*

Elements that did not exist in 50 years of socialism were seen in the statistical evidences.

- *Outside deficit reached 821 million \$(1995)*

After 14 years of the new system the economic figures of Albania are :

- *working power 1.09 million(excluding 352 thousand emigrants)*

3.7 % of which is dealing with primitive agriculture, 26.4 % dealing with industry and 70 % dealing with services.

- *Unemployment is 30 % (14.4 % officially known)*
- *Export 708.8 million \$*
- *Import 2.473 billion \$*
- *Outside debt 1.41 billion \$*
- *25 % of the population is under the official level of living.*

European parameters were reached in drugs, females and guns traffics, level of criminality, accidents, high prices, differences in salaries, diseases like AIDS, uncertainty for life, corruption, unemployment, payable health services housing, degradation of families, divorces (only in Tirana about 1000 couples were divorced last year), pollution of the environment (3-6 times more than the level before '90-s), destruction of urbanity etc.

Now Albania is totally dependant because of the debts which has their impact in its political actions in and out the borders in such circumstances where the politicians are turned in toys without dignity . This fact is seen by everyone that has certain level of education

3-The battle of LPA against the modern revisionism

a-Titoism a agency of imperialism

In summer of 1941 the CPA decided to collaborate with CPY in the battle against the fascist invaders. This was a courageous step because the climate between two countries was very harsh as the result of criminal activities and pressure of Serbian and Montenegro towards the Albanian citizens in Kosovo. Only in the end of 19 century half of Albanian citizens were massacred and they were forced to leave their territories .

When the Turkish emperor was broken into pieces as the result of the circumstances, countries like Serbia , Greece, Bulgaria and some others thought that it was the time that Albanian territories should be divided between them.They burnt massacred everything that they found in front of them. In the time chronicles you can find terrible events. Thousand of Albanians were killed . Certainly such memories cannot be erased easily from the minds of the survived. A strong supporters of it was the reaction

in Europe. These were followed by the decisions of the London conference, which were denounced by Lenin.

Some Albanian nationalists, who were influenced by the promises of the fascists and nazis to join these territories with the motherland, were stuck in their trap and they stood against the antifascist war led by CPA.

However, the great part of Albanian citizens supported the decision of CPA to collaborate with CPY. They were convinced that this political force would use the Marxist-Leninist theory abandoning chauvinist policies. But Titists did not act in this manner and soon they became doubtful with their actions. The lack of experience for the CPA caused that Titists had the chance to influence and play tricks on the activities of the Party during and after the war. Through their representatives, Yugoslavian leadership not only did not help in activating the population of Kosovo against the fascist but also sabotaged its battle stimulated by CPA.

Through his emissary sent to Albania, Tito aimed the following during and after the war:

- ***To recruit high rank leaders to eliminate its enemies .***
- ***To change Albania into a Yugoslavian republic and to take the Balkans in his hand.***
- ***Robbery of Albanian economy through economic control.***
- ***Misinformation of the CPSU and Stalin about the activity of CPA***

Yugoslav attempts to take the Party and Albanian state in their hands were intensified after the liberation by activating people who were serving to them like Koci Xoxe, Nako Spiru, Memet Shehu, etc.

Josif Visarionoviç Stalin has a special merit in destroying Titoist plot. For this reason and for the sincere and unsparing help of the Soviet government led by him, in social economic progress of Albania, Stalin was the best friend of Albanian nation.

“Yugoslav revisionism, the first element that represents the revisionism in power was elicited in an important moment of the war between socialism and imperialism. Since at the beginning American imperialism, and all its supporters in the world found at Titoism the way, the ideology that leads to the

destruction of communist parties in the socialist countries in breaking and destroying the unity of international communist movement, in sabotage of revolution etc. To realize this , imperialism and its supporters sponsored totally the Belgrade renegades giving them instructions tricking the socialism pretending to be socialist to serve later as a strong weapon to destruct others.” (E. Hoxha “Titistët” Tiranë 1983 p.522.)

b-Hrushovians the enemies of the nations that fight for national and social liberty

The meeting of CPs of the world in November 1960 is the climax of the PLA battle against modern revisionism. This was happening at the time when hrushovian revisionism were attempting to control World Communist Movement and to destroy it. And this happened latter .

The attack in this meeting was an advanced stage of the PLA's battle which it had been giving for several years against the misinformation and perverting by revisionist staff of Hrushov. Disagreements were about the following topics:

- ***Antagonistic attitudes toward Stalin***
- ***Collaboration with the imperialists and denying its stimulating character for wars***
- ***Giving up of the guns.***
- ***Elimination of class struggle.***
- ***Friendly attitudes towards Titoists***
- ***Orientation of Albanian economy towards fruit, which was growing to be the source of direct subordination from Soviet Union***

Passing through a zigzag path, tones increased and decreased according to the circumstances , but there not a silence. Very soon each of them was convinced by each other keeping formally a friendly facade

between two countries. Being the leader of a big and powerful country possessing a world prestige inherited from CPSU under the directives of Lenin and Stalin, Hrushov thought he would manage to keep Albania under his control as he had managed with other countries of socialist camp, using both diplomacy and violation. When he attacked directly PLA, comrade Enver Hoxha made his historic speech in Moscow giving them a big knock through facts of Hrushovian revisionism. Certainly this has its consequences, but Albanian nation didn't fall easily upon ones knees. Using such a secure rear being aware for the socialist building of the country, Albanian delegation kept all the risks which were threatening them at the moment and for the future. After this moment Albania was put in total enclosure by revisionist imperialist forces.

In such circumstances it was an obligation to provide the food within the country and for this issue the agricultural and industrial productivity should be increased. Technical revolution was necessary for progress, so was the education and cultural level of citizens. A great attention should be payed on the border protections by making people e active at any moment. Proletariat dictatorship should be ready to reply on time all enemies outside and inside our borders who were encouraged by this actions.

c- Reactionary theory of three worlds of Mao Tse Dung

Our era is the era of imperialism and of proletarian revolution according to classics of Marxism-Leninism. Two mayor classes exist in our society now days.. Proletariat and bourgeoisie are fighting against each other. These classes will be eliminated when the society will have no more classes. This period belongs to communism.

They continue to exist after the bourgeoisie fall down and the proletariat class takes the power. On one hand working class and peasants in ally with each other and on the other hand classes that are expropriated. The last ones attempt time to time to take the power again. As a necessity continuing of these circumstances, the class struggle continue in socialism .

Poor classes lead by proletariat and rich classes lead by bourgeoisie which are in war with each other as a result of their different interests exists in capitalist countries. This war is varyies according to the present circumstances.

To see the world in three parts the "first world", the "second world" and the "third world" by Mao Tse Dung means :

- *To deny the existence of classes.*
- *To deny the struggle classes.*
- *To form unreasonable allies .*
- *To be lead by racist attitudes.*

“But the struggle of classes, the struggle of proletariat and its allies to take the power and the struggle of bourgeoisie to keep its power will never be eliminated.” (E.Hoxha “Imperialism and Revolution” p.252, Tiranë 1978.)

Vladimir Iliç Lenin wrote about the issue of three worlds in 1921:

“...now in the world are existing two worlds: the old world – capitalism ,...and the new world which is growing...” (*V.I. Lenin Vo. 33, p. 153-154*)

Revisionists may like or dislike, but now this is a reality. The commune of Paris has a very short victory but that remained as a pattern which show the way how how proletariat can take the power from the bourgeoisie.

Socialism was a reality during the power of Lenin and Stalin in soviet union and during the power of Enver in Albania . This human patterns cannot be eliminated despite the tricks of bourgeoisie.

“Modern revisionists are afraid. They think that counter-revolutionary forces are more powerful. But this is not true at all. They are weaker. Nations leaded by proletariat are stronger.”
(E.Hoxha “Imperialism and revolution” p. 254, Tiranë 1978.)

Mao Tse Dung pretended that the third world there would be the big progress. This means in a group of states, the bourgeoisie and fascist would be in power, where the people are used by them in an unreasonable way .(?!). But the world history has proved the relations between the international bourgeoisie when they wanted to keep their economic and politic power. It is ready to abandon proletariat when its interests doesn't fit. Using this theory Mao Tse Dung showed that he was an anti-Marxist to who have nothing to do with proletariat and its allies can trust. If in the American , European or Asian proletariat has such elements this cannot justify no one

to give up the ideology of Marxism Leninism. Through the Marxist Leninist education this part can be a healthy part of proletariat to fall down bourgeoisie.

“Chinese theory of three worlds denying the struggle of classes, deny even the nations’ struggle to win the democratic rights and the struggle to be free from it deny their struggle for socialism.” (E.Hoxha “Imperialism and revolution” pg.260, Tiranë 1978.)

Bourgeoisie and its servants among them even the revisionists when they found difficult to reign with the old tools launch in the market new theories which in a certain sense has the same attitudes and which intend to trouble the awareness of the peoples and to continue the control over them.

The scope of Mao Tse Dung using its theory that of three worlds was to justify its collaboration with American imperialism, under the idea of the war against social imperialism of Soviet Union . However the nowadays analyses proved that American imperialism was not a designated tiger on the paper but a wild beast. It has been and will be the international policeman of the world ,who is more and more aggressive and eager to put under its control the whole globe. This is an attitude of each imperialist power including the Chinese power. This tendency put the imperialism powers against each other. Of course they know consequences of their war between each other and that’s the reason why they try to weaken it using diplomacy and violence according to the circumstances. Across this path dealing in several manners with each other, it come a day of an unavoidable conflict.

To passes on the roads offered by the bourgeoisie and its servants it means to walk like Jews in the desert and not to reach any scope at the right moment, to sweat a lot and to win nothing. So its an obligation for the communists to use the Marxist Leninist theory and to spread it to the whole population, because there is no revolution without their presence, and there is no socialism without their contribution. Only if the party and the masses will neglecting the revisionist forces can be again in power .

Enver Hoxha felt a winner in the struggle against modern revisionism because he was strongly supported at:

- ***Theory of Marx, Engels, Lenin and Stalin.***
- ***Heroic Albanian people orientated toward socialism .***
- ***Communist and worker international movement.***
- ***Nations that were fighting for social and national liberty .***

Here a great importance have had friends of Albania, devoted and courageous communists of PLA

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